DEFENDING BACK PAIN CLAIMS: A MEDICAL & LEGAL PERSPECTIVE

Rich Lenkov Gary S. Shapiro, MD 8/25/14





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Speakers



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- Defending Pain Claims: A Medical & Legal Perspective
- Subrogation Basics For Workers' Compensation Professionals
- Workers Compensation Negotiation Strategies
- Employment Law Issues Every Workers' Compensation Professional Needs To Know About
- 10 Illinois Workers' Compensation Cases You Need To Know
- Ask an Attorney Anything: Your Most Pressing Workers' Compensation Questions ANSWERED
- Defending Workers' Compensation Psychiatric Claims
- Defending Wage Differentials And PTD Awards
- Turning The Tables
- Defending Repetitive Trauma Claims In Illinois Workers' Compensation
- Traveling Employees In Illinois Workers' Compensation
- Illinois vs. Indiana: 5 Key Issues & How Each State Deals With Them
- AMA Guidelines: A Legal and Medical Perspective
- Preferred Provider Programs
- Upcoming Webinars
 - 9/30/14 @ 10:00 AM CST: "Case Law Update"- <u>Click Here to Register</u>
- August Workers' Compensation Newsletter
- Today's session
 - Interactive Please ask questions
 - Special surprise giveaway at the end of the presentation



My Background

- Medical School
 - Upstate Medical Center
 @ Syracuse
- Residency
 - Hospital for Special Surgery
- Fellowship
 - Hospital for Special Surgery
 - Children's Hospital San Diego



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My Practice

- Adult and Pediatric Spine Surgery since 2003
 - Clinical Assistant Professor at the University of Chicago
 - Spine Consultant Chicago Bears 2005-2007
 - Chairman at NorthShore University Health System
 - Professional Risk Management Committee
- IME
- Impairment Ratings •
 - American Academy of Disability Evaluating Physicians
 - Earned CEDIR in the AMA Guides Sixth Edition







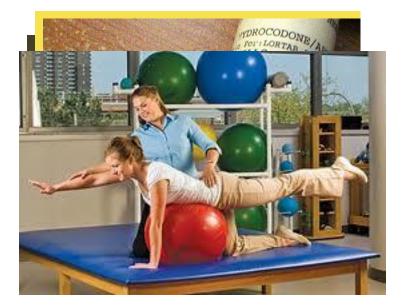
Work Related Lumbar Injuries

- Soft tissue (sprain/strain)
- Herniated disc
- Trauma
- Degenerative disc disease
- Others
 - SI joint pain, facet pain





- Medications
 - NSAIDs
 - Tylenol
 - Oral steroids
 - Narcotics
 - Muscle relaxants
- Physical Therapy







Physical Therapy

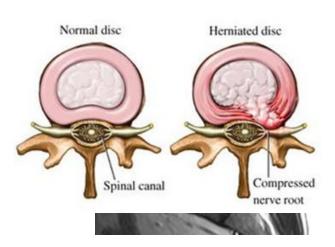
 A properly designed, graduate program of exercise activities including range of motion, stretching, isometrics, isokinetics and aerobic conditioning







Herniated Disc





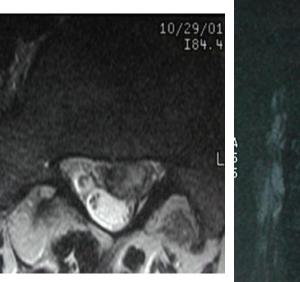


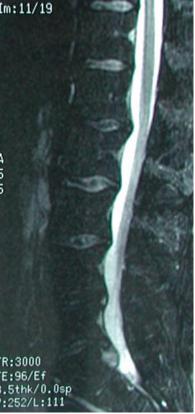


- Caused by nerve root compression
- Classically a sharp, lancing pain progressing in a dermatomal pattern
- Pain increased by any activity that increases intraspinal and intradiscal pressures
- L5 and S1 nerve roots most commonly involved





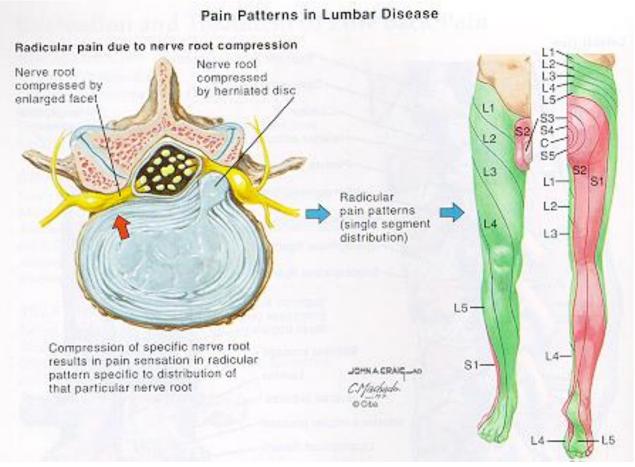




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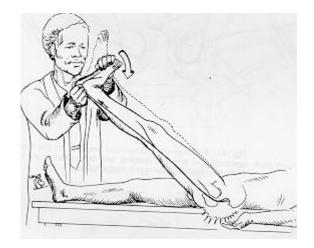






Lumbar Herniated Disc: Tension Sign

Straight Leg Raise (SLR or Lasègue Test)







Non-Surgical Treatment

- Analgesics/Anti-Inflammatory Agents
 - ASA, acetomenophin, NSAIDs are equally effective
- Medrol Dosepak
 - Extremely effective
- Muscle Relaxants
- Narcotics
- Physical Therapy





Epidural Steroids

- Very few well designed prospective randomized studies
- Do not change the natural history of the disease
- Common to have 1 or 2 injections
 - Must have >50% relief to have 3rd injection





Non Surgical Treatment

85% success rate within 6-12 weeks

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Lumbar Disc Herniation Indications for Surgical Treatment

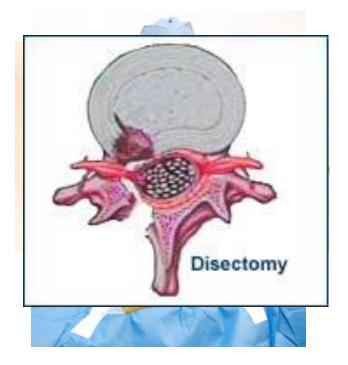
- Absolute
 - Cauda equina syndrome
 - Progressive neurologic deficit
 - Intractable Pain
- Relative
 - Persistent pain that compromises ability to function
 - Failure of 6-12 weeks of conservative care





Lumbar HNP: Surgical Options

- Microdiscectomy
- Laminectomy and discectomy
- Laser spine surgery
- Endoscopic discectomy







- T/L Spine at highest risk
- Often associated injuries
 - Head, chest, abdominal injuries
 - Extremity injuries
- Denis Classification system
 - Retropulsion of bone with 2 and 3 column ir









Lumbar HNP: Surgical Options

- Microdiscectomy
- Laminectomy and discectomy
- Laser spine surgery
- Endoscopic discectomy





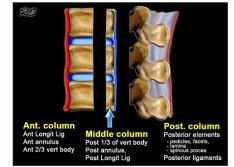
- High energy axial load to the spine
 - T/L Spine at highest risk
- Often associated injuries
 - Head, chest, abdominal injuries
 - Extremity injuries
- Denis Classification system
 - Retropulsion of bone with 2 and 3 column injuries















Degenerative Disc Disease

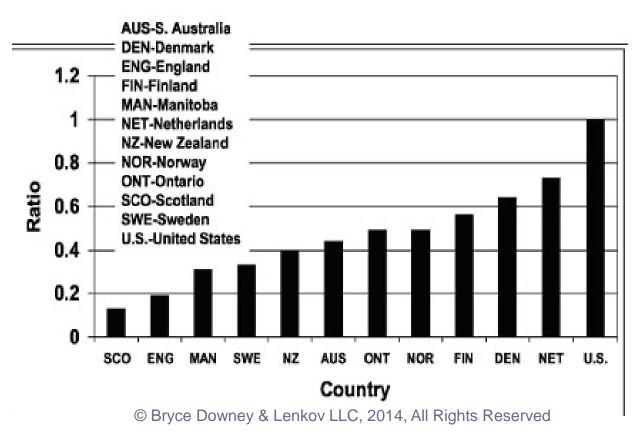
- Younger patient population
- Mainstay of treatment is nonoperative
 - Too many fusions being performed
 - Data shows better results with PT, NSAIDS, comprehensive pain management







Utilization of Spinal Instrumentation Procedures in the U.S.





Disco genic Pain

- Definition
 - Axial midline LBP
 - No radicular sx
 - Pain attributable to arthritic disc





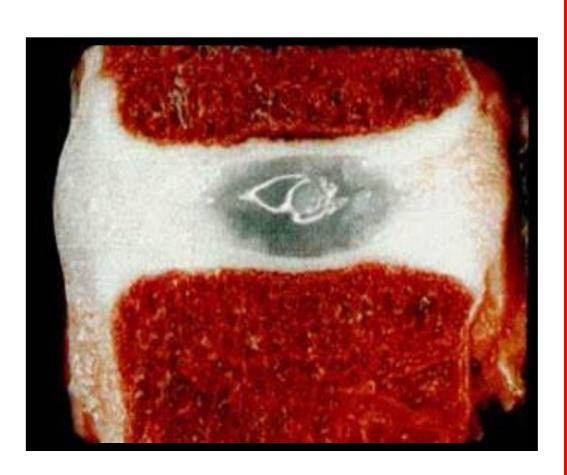


Pain Generators

- Muscular
- Facet joint
- Visceral
- Sacroiliac joint
- Less common: tumor, infection, inflammatory arthritis





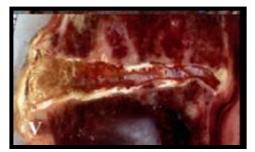


Healthy Lumbar Intervertebral Disc







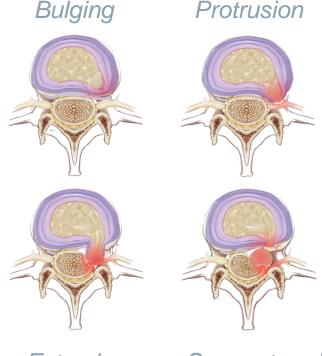






Prevalence of Degenerated and Herniated Discs

- MRI Overly sensitive
 - 98% had DDD > 60 years old
 - False positive imaging in up to 25%
 - Bulging discs
 - Increases with age
 - Only 36% 20-80 year olds had normal discs at all levels



Jensen et al., NEJM 331, 1994.

Extrusion

Sequestered









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Management

- Medication
 - NSAIDs
 - Steroids
 - Muscle relaxers
 - Anti-anxiolytics
 - Narcotics
- Steroid injections
 - Epidurals
 - Nerve root blocks
 - Facet joint blocks









Surgery for Disco genic Back Pain

- Surgical indications debatable
- Discography controversial
- Approach
 - Anterior
 - Anterior/Posterior
 - Posterior
- Results unpredictable





Selection Criteria

- Age
- Preoperative medical condition
- Smoking
- Psychosocial status
- Support system
- Preoperative opiate use
- Obesity
- Employment status (WC)





IME and Impairment Rating: Definitions

- Impairment: a significant deviation, loss, or loss of use of a body structure or body function
- Disability: activity limitations and/or participation restrictions in an individual with a health condition, disorder, or disease
 - Example: loss of toe in a ballerina vs. a construction worker





Independent Medical Examination

- Doctor who has not previously been involved in a person's care examines an individual as an expert
- May be conducted at request of employer or insurance carrier
- No doctor/patient relationship
 - Cannot offer treatment





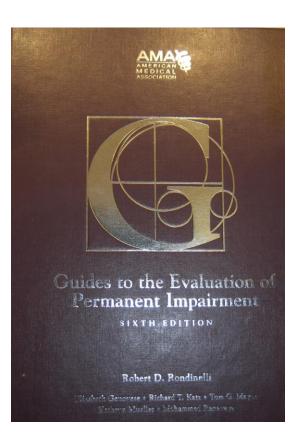
Independent Medical Examination (cont')

- Important to review entire medical file and document prior medical treatment
- Perform history and physical exam
- Review radiologic studies
- Need to give unbiased, factually based opinion
- Determine causation
 - Legal Probability





Impairment Rating







Impairment Rating

 Consensus-derived percentage estimate loss of activity reflecting severity for a given health condition, and the degree of associated limitations in terms of ADLs





Impairment Rating

- Determine if individual is at MMI
- Perform H&P
- Establish the reliable diagnosis for each region of the spine to be rated
- Use appropriate grid to determine class
- Use grade modifiers to adjust from default "C"
- Determine numeric value to IR





	TABLE	17-4 Lumbar Spin	e Regional Grid: Sp	ine Impairments	TRACE.
			G		
/		Lumbar Sp	ine Regional (Frid	
CLASS	CLASS 0	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3	CLASS 4
IMPAIRMENT RATING (WPI %)	0	1%-9%	10%-14%	15%-24%	25%-33%
SOFT TISSUE AN	D NON-SPECIFIC	CONDITIONS			
Non-specific chronic or chronic recur- rent low back pain (also known as: chronic sprain/ strain, symptom- atic degenera- tive disc disease, facet joint pain, SI joint dysfunction, etc)	0 Documented history of sprain/ strain-type injury, now resolved, or occasional complaints of back pain with no objective findings on examination	1 2 3 3 Documented history of sprainstrain type injury with contin- ued complaints of axial and/or non- verifiable radicular complaints and sim- ilar findings on mul- tiple occasions (see Sec. 17.2, General Considerations)			
MOTION SEGMEN		International Content of the		and the second second	
Intervertebral disk herniation and/or AOMSI [®] Note: AOMSI [®] includes instability (specifically as defined in the <i>Guides</i>), arthrodesis, failed arthrod- esis, dynamic stabilization or arthroplasty, or combina- tions of those in multiple-level conditions	0 Imaging find- ings of inter- vertebral disk herniation without a history of clinically correlating radicular symptoms	5 6 7 8 9 Intervertebral disk herniation(s) or documented AOMSI, at a single level or multiple level or multiple levels with medi- cally documented for disk herniation(s) with documented resolved radiculopa- thy or nonverifiable resolved radiculopa- thy or nonverifiable priate level(s), pres- ent at the time of examination"	10 11 12 13 14 Intervertebral disk herniation or AOMSI at a single level with medically documented find- ings; with or with- out surgery and with documented residual radiculopa- thy at the clinically appropriate level present at the time of examina- tion (see Physical Examination adjustment grid in Table 17-7 to grade	15 17 19 21 23 Intervertebral disk herniations or AOMSI at multiple levels, with medi- cally documented residual radicu- lopathy at a single clinically appropri- ate level present at level present at level present at level present at level present at level present at disk line of examination (see Table 17.7 to grade radiculopathy)	25 27 29 31 33 Intervertehal disk herniations and/or AOMSI, at multipa levels, with medi- cally documented signs of residual bilateral or multiple-level appropriate levels present at the tim of examination (se Table 17-7 to gradu
Pseudarthrosis	0	56789	10 11 12 13 14	15 17 19 21 23	25 27 29 31 33
Note: Only, applies after, applies after, applied surgery, intended for, Usion with resultant docu- mented motion mented motion not necessarily ADMSI by defi- nition provided in footnote) with consistent adiographic indings or hard- ware failure; with or without urgery to repair		Pseudarthrosis (post surgery) at a single level or multiple levels with medically docu- mented findings and with documented resolved radicua- lopathy or non- verifiable radicular complaints at the clinically appropri- ate level(6) pres- ent at the time of examination	Pseudarthrosis (post surgery) at a single level with medically docu- mented findings may have docu- mented signs of radiculopathy at the clinically appro- priate level pres- ent at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy)	Pseudarthrosis (post surgery) at a multiple levels with medically docu- mented findings may have docu- mented radicu- lopathy at a single clinically appropri- ate level present at level present	Pseudarthrosis (post surgery) at a multiple levels with medically docu- mented findings may have docu- mented signs of bilateral or multiple level radiculopathy appropriate levels present at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade Table 17-7 to grade





IR: Grade Modifiers

Functional History Factor	Grade Modifier 0	Grade Modifier 1	Grade Modifier 2	Grade Modifier	Grade Modifier	
Activity	Asymptomatic; problem resolved; inconsistent symptoms	Pain; symptoms with strenuous/ vigorous activity	Pain; symptoms with normal activity	Pain; symptoms with less-than- normal activity (minimal activity)	Pain; symptoms at rest, limited to sedentary activity	
PDQ or alterna- tive validated functional assess- ment, scaled appropriately	No disability PDQ 0	Mild disability PDQ 0–70	Moderate disability PDQ 71–100	Severe disability PDQ 101–130	Extreme disability PDQ 131–150	





IR: Grade Modifiers (cont')

Physical Examination Factor	mination Adjustn Grade Modifier 0	Grade Modifier 1	Grade Modifier 2	Grade Modifier 3	Grade Modifier 4	
Lumbar Neural Tension Signs	Negative straight leg raising test for radicular pain or invalid examination		Positive straight leg raising test, with reproducible radicular pain at 35°-70°			
Cervical Compression/ Foraminal Compression	Negative cervical compression/ foraminal compression		Positive cervical compression/foram- inal compression (Spurling's test) with reproducible radicular pain			
Reflexes	Normal and symmetrical		New and asym- metrical abnormal- ity consistent with other radicular findings (ie, dif- ferentiate between old and new changes)			
Atrophy UE LE	<1 cm <1 cm	1.0–1.9 cm 1.0–1.9 cm	2.0–2.9 cm 2.0–2.9 cm	3.0–3.5 cm 3.0–3.5 cm	>3.5 cm >3.5 cm	
Sensory Deficit	No loss of sensi- bility, abnormal sensation, or pain	Diminished light touch (with or without minimal abnormal sensa- tions or pain) in a clinically appropri- ate distribution, that is forgotten during activity	Diminished light touch (with some abnormal sensa tions or slight pain) in a clini cally appropriate distribution, that interferes with some activities	Decreased protec- tive sensibility (with abnormal sensations or moderate pain in a clinically appropri- ate distribution) that may prevent some activities	Absent superficial pain and tactile sensibility or absent protective sensibility (abnor- mal sensations, or severe pain) that prevents all activit	
trength	Normal Active movement against gravity with full resistance (5/5)	Active movement against gravity and some resistance (4/5)	Active movement against gravity only, without resistance (3/5)	Active movement with gravity elimi- nated (2/5)	Slight contraction and no movement or no contraction (0–1/5)	

Soft Tissue Injuries, DDD, Facet Pain, SI Joint Dysfunction

			Lumbar Spi	-(Regional C	rid	
CLASS		CLASS 0		IIIC	all 201 Gestarts and an		
IMPAIRI RATING		0	CLASS 1 1%-9%		CLASS 2	CLASS 3	CLASS 4
SOFT TI	SUE AND	NON-SPECIFIC	CONDITIONS				
Non-spe chronic, chronic i rent low pain (als known a chronic s strain, sy atic dege tive disc facet join pain, SI j dysfunct	or ecur- back r: orain/ mptom- nera- tisease, t t	0 Documented history of sprain/ strain-type injury, now resolved, or occasional complaints of back pain with no objective findings on examination	1 2 3 3 Documented history of sprain/strain type injury with contin- ued complaints of axial and/or non- verifiable radicular complaints and sim- ilar findings on mul- tiple occasions (see Sec. 17.2, General Considerations)				
MOTION	SEGMEN	T LESIONS	pendianan penan pena		and a charge by		
Intervert disk herr and/or A Note: AC includes	ation MSI ^a	0 Imaging find- ings of inter- vertebral disk herniation	5 6 7 8 9 Intervertebral disk herniation(s) or documented AOMSI, at a single	dis AC	0 11 12 13 14 rvertebral herniation or MSI at a single with medically	15 17 19 21 23 Intervertebral disk herniations or AOMSI at multiple levels , with medi-	25 27 29 31 33 Intervertebral disk herniations and/or AOMSI, at multiple levels, with medi-
instability specifica		without a history of	level or multiple levels with medi-	1000000	cumented find- as: with or with-	cally documented findings: with or	cally documented findings; with or





Case #1- JM

History

- 22 year old female, 95 lbs
- Employed as a nursing assistant in skilled nursing facility
- Lifting 250 lb. patient
- Acute onset of LBP
- Development of bilateral leg pain R>L over next 10 days





Clinical Course

- Taken off work by PCP
- NSAIDS, Medrol Dosepak, pain meds
- PT for 6 weeks
- ESI X 2





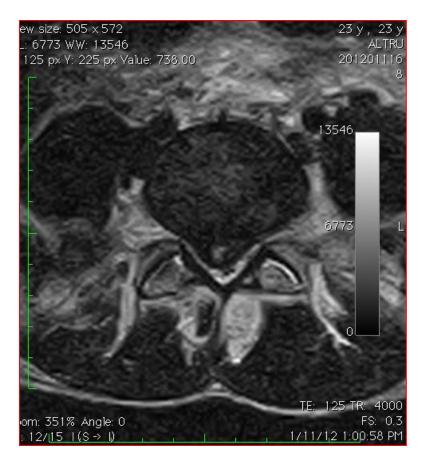
Initial Consultation

- Continued severe pain in bilateral LE, subtle urinary changes
- PE: weakness in bilateral S1 distribution
 - Unable to single leg heel raise bilaterally
 - Markedly + SLR bilaterally













Surgery

- Right L5/S1 microdiscectomy
 - Outpatient procedure







Clinical Course

- Complete resolution of leg pain
- Post-op physical therapy
- RTW with 20 Lb lifting restrictions at 2 weeks
- Advanced to full duty without restrictions by 6 weeks
- MMI at 3 months

AMA Guides: Evaluation of Permanent Impairment 6th Edition

	examination				
MOTION SEGMEN	IT LESIONS	and all roun has	Second Second Second		
Intervertebral disk herniation and/or AOMSI ^a <i>Note:</i> AOMSI includes instability (specifically as defined in the <i>Guides</i>), arthrodesis, failed arthrod- esis, dynamic stabilization or arthroplasty, or combina- tions of those in multiple-level conditions		5 6 7 8 9 Intervertebral disk herniation(s) or documented AOMSI, at a single level or multiple levels with medi- cally documented findings; with or without surgery <i>and</i> for disk herniation(s) with documented resolved radiculopa- thy or nonverifiable radicular complaints at clinically appro- priate level(s), pres- ent at the time of examination ^a	10 11 12 13 14 Intervertebral disk herniation or AOMSI at a single level with medically documented find- ings; with or with- out surgery <i>and</i> with documented residual radiculopa- thy at the clinically appropriate level present at the time of examina- tion (see Physical Examination adjustment grid in Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy)	15 17 19 21 23 Intervertebral disk herniations or AOMSI at multiple levels, with medi- cally documented findings; with or without surgery <i>and</i> with documented residual radicu- lopathy at a single clinically appropri- ate level present at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy)	25 27 29 31 33 Intervertebral disk herniations and/or AOMSI, at multiple levels, with medi- cally documented findings; with or without surgery <i>and</i> with documented signs of residual bilateral or multiple-level radiculopathy at the clinically appropriate levels present at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy)





Case #2- LZ

History

- 34 year old male construction worker
- Fell 15 feet
- Trauma team
- Severe mid-lumbar pain
- Left quadriceps pain, weakness























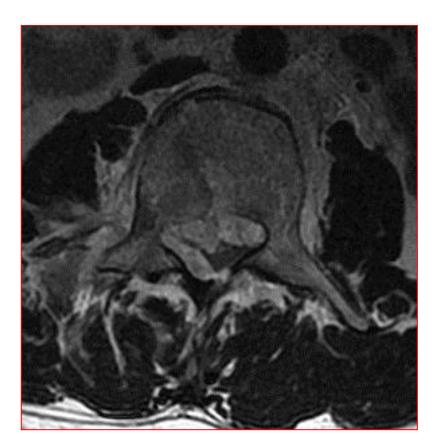












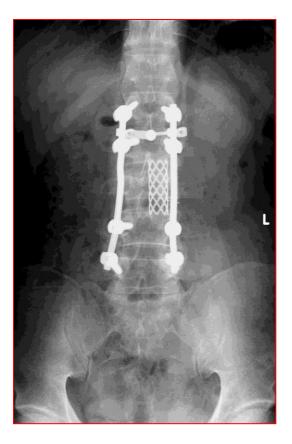














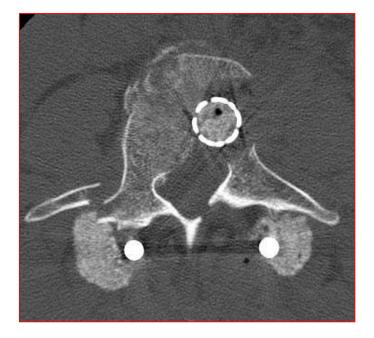


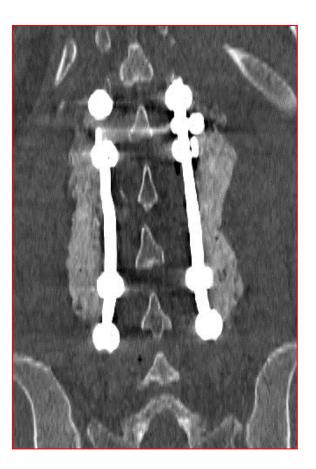
















Clinical Course

- 6 weeks rigid LSO
- PT, work conditioning
- RTW light duty at 3 months
- MMI at 9 months
- FCE: Valid, Full effort
 - Medium Lifting Capacity
- Vocational retraining
- 2 year f/u: c/o mild LBP, tx with NSAIDS

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	CLASS O	CLASS 1	Spine Regiona	al Grid: Spine Imperi		
IMPAIRMENT RATING (WPI %)		CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3	-	ts
	0	1%-9%		CLASS 3		CLASS 4
FRACTURES/DISL	OCATIONS OF	THE SPINE	10%-14%	15%-24%		25%-33%
Fractures of 1 or more vertebral bodies including com- pression frac- tures, fracture of posterior ele- ment (pedicle, lamina, articular process, trans- verse process) and burst fracture	0	5 6 7 8 9 Single- or multiple- level fractures with 25% compression of any vertebral body; with or with- out retropulsion; with or without pedicle and/or posterior element fracture Healed, with or without surgery (<i>includes ver- tebroplasty or kyphoplasty</i>) and may have docu- mented resolved radiculopathy at clinically appro- priate level(s) or documented non- verifiable radicular complaints (with- out radiculopathy) at clinically appro- priate level(s), pres- ent at the time of examination with signs of cauda equina syndrome: use Chapter 13 to calculate additional impairment	10 11 12 13 14 Single- or mul- tiple-level fractures with 25%–50% compression of any vertebral body; wit or without retropu sion; pedicle and/or posterior element fracture Healed, with or without surgery (including ver- tebroplasty or kyphoplasty) with or without residual deformity and may have docu- mented radiculopa- thy at the clinically appropriate level present at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy) with signs of cauda equina syndrome: use Chapter 13 to calculate additional impairment	15 17 19 21 23 Single- or multiple- level fractures with >50% compression of any vertebral body; with or with- out retropulsion into the canal; pedi- cle and/or posterior element fracture Healed, with or without surgery (including ver- tebroplasty or kyphoplasty) with or without residual deformity and may have signifi- cant radiculopathy at a single clinically appropriate level present at the time of examination (see Table 17-7 to grade radiculopathy) with signs of cauda equina syndrome: use Chapter 13 to calculate additional impairment	Single re obtained out the prosterior of a single re- or with the re- or with the re- or with the re- or single re- or	25%-33% 5 27 29 31 33 gle- or multiple- afractures with % compression my vertebral ly; with or with- retropulsion; retropulsion; licle and/or terior element ture held, with or hop/asty) with without residual ormity and tradiculopathy tradiculopathy tradiculopathy ropriate levels sent at the time xamination (see le 17-7 to grade culopathy) or signs of cauda aim syndrome: Chapter 13 to ulate additional airment

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The Right Choice for Your Orthopedic Care

LOCATIONS	PHYSICIANS	SERVICES	EDUCATION	INFO & FORMS	NEWS & EVENTS	WORKER'S COMP / IME
-		Condit	tions Of	The Spine	1	< Back to Search
Patient Education		Spine & Back Conditions Your spine is a delicate and vital part of your body. In addition to bones and muscles that perform important functions, the spinal cord contains nerves, blood vessels that support the function of your entire body. Spine and back injuries should be taken seriously. Prompt diagnosis and treatment will help prevent serious future consequences. Learn more about your condition below, or find the location nearest you to get professional, caring help with your back or spine problems. Conditions of the Spine <u>Cervical Radiculopathy</u> A Cervical Radiculopathy occurs when the nerve roots in the neck are pinched or compressed interfering with movement and				
Physician Assistant Contact Us		Degenerative Di Degenerative Dis or overuse.		weakening of one or more	e discs in the spine. This con	dition is usually the result of age
Please fill out the form			cterized by a curve th cases the cause is un		condition can be caused by o	degenerative bone diseases,
Asterisk (*) Indicates Re	equired Field	Spinal Stenosis Eninal Stansala in	aanaad udaa baaa a	rauth alaabaa aan <i>ia</i> aadla	so is the enine! eanel. This e	andition can be coulded by a

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ind an Orthopaedist	S	earch	AAOS Web Site
Browse Our Patient Ed	ucation Library		In the News
For Physicians: Patient Education Resources Informed Patient Tutorials Home About Orthopaedics Glossary of Orthopaedic Words In the News Languages		Metal-on-Me August 2011 U media may hei patients about metal-on-metal concerns — be be addressed v Nearly 400,000 are performed overwhelming r	AAOS News Bureau tal Hip Replacements pdate: Ongoing reports in the ghten concerns among joint replacements using bearing devices. Any fore or after surgery — shou with your orthopaedic surgeo hip replacement surgeries each year, and the majority are uneventful t restore mobility and enhance r patients.
Español Other Languages Parts of the Body Shoulder, Arm & Elbow Hand & Wrist Spine & Neck	In Focus Fall Back Into the Groove	In July 2011, th Replacement F pilot data collec preparing strate nationally. Patie	e American Joint Registry (AJRR) completed it ction program and is now egies to begin collecting data ents will benefit from a joint se because it will:
Hip Knee & Leg Foot & Ankle Categories	For many of us, the fall season is like the start of the new year. Those lazy days of summer are over and that "back-to-school" zing is in the air. As we tackle our busier fall schedules, here are some health and safety tips to help us keep the season running smoothly.	initial proc subsequer	ant devices and enable the edure to be linked to nt events tients to access their own

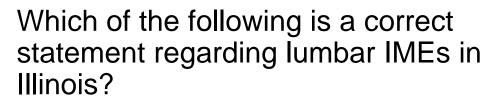
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- A. Only Respondents can get IMEs
- B. You can only get 1 IME
- C. It has to be done within 3 months of trial
- D. The doctor can't opine on necessity of medical care
- E. The doctor has to be board certified in orthopedic surgery









D. The doctor can't opine on necessity of medical care







Recent Commission Decisions (Pre-AMA)

- *Erik Brown*, *Petitioner*, (I.W.C.C. 5/30/14)
 - <u>DOA: 4/12/07</u>
 - Petitioner was a 26 year old manufacturing worker
 - Sciatic nerve injury with continued subjective complaints after an engine struck him in the lower back, knocking him down to the ground
 - 7.5% person as a whole
- Garabed Damarjian, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 5/27/14)
 - DOA: 1/31/09
 - Petitioner was a 61 year old bridge operator
 - Petitioner fell down stairs that lead to the bridge house where he works
 - Sacral coccyx contusion and left-sided radicular symptoms
 - MRI showed disc degeneration at L3-L4
 - Petitioner returned to work full duty, but continued to experience low back pain and numbress and continues taking over-the-counter medication
 - 3% person as a whole







Recent Commission Decisions

- Ruthelma Attig, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 5/5/14)
 - <u>DOA: 12/6/10</u>
 - 65 year old teacher's aide
 - Injured when a student collided with her in the school hallway
 - Lumbosacral spondylosis without myelopathy
 - Series of epidural steroid injections and two radiofrequency denervation procedures
 - 7.5% person as a whole
- Daiszenia Allotey, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 5/1/14)
 - <u>DOA: 3/21/05</u>
 - 50 year old phlebtomotist
 - Injured while assisting a patient into a recliner, felt a pop in her back
 - Low and mid back strain/sprain
 - Petitioner underwent two epidural steroid injections, physical therapy, and a period of restricted duty
 - 5% person as a whole







Recent Commission Decisions

- Joshua Hoback, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 5/27/14)
 - DOA: 2/28/11
 - 31 year old roof bolter
 - Undisputed accident when Petitioner tripped over a hose and landed on the ground on his hands and knees.
 - Petitioner experienced low back pain, weakness of his right leg and right foot pain/numbness
 - L4-L5 left-sided herniated disc
 - Epidural injection and L4-L5 microdiscectormy on the left side
 - Petitioner experienced full resolution of lower extremity pain and near resolution of low back pain following surgery and returned to work without restrictions
 - Significant history of previous lower back injury, pain, and treatment and pre-existing disc herniation
 - Commission affirmed award of 20% person as a whole







AMA Guidelines

• 2011 Amendments:

- For injuries occurring on or after 9/1/11, permanent partial disability ("PPD") shall be established using the following criteria
- Impairment Rating—shall include professional appropriate measurements of impairment that include, but are not limited to: loss of range of motion; loss of strength; measured atrophy of tissue mass consistent with injury; and any other measurements that establish the nature and extent of impairment
 - Currently, the 6th Edition of the "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" shall be used to determine the level of impairment







AMA Guidelines

- In determining the level of permanent partial disability, the Commission shall base its determination on the following factors:
 - 1. reported level of impairment pursuant to subsection (a);
 - 2. occupation of the injured employee
 - 3. age of the employee at the time of the injury
 - 4. employee's future earning capacity
 - 5. evidence of disability corroborated by treating medical records
 - No single enumerated factor shall be the sole determinant of disability







Recent Commission Decisions (Post-AMA)

- Marque Smart, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 5/20/14)
 - DOA: 1/11/12
 - 40 year old warehouse order selector
 - While lifting boxes weighing 90-95 lbs., Petitioner experienced sharp pain in his lower back
 - L4-L5 central disk herniation, L3-L5 spinal stenosis
 - L3, L4, L5 laminectomy with bilateral facetectomy and foraminotom and left-sided L4-5 microscopic discectomy
 - Work conditioning indicated Petitioner could return to his previous position, at the heavy physical demand level
 - 25% person as a whole
 - <u>Dissent:</u> Neither party submitted impairment evaluation into evidence
 - Therefore, under the plan language of the revised legislation, the arbitrator did not have the authority to determine permanent partial disability because one of the five required factors was not available for consideration
 - Emphasizes the need for clarification by the Appellate Court or General Assembly







Recent Commission Decisions

• Terry Powell, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 6/3/14)

- <u>DOA: 6/20/13</u>
- 65 year old factory worker
- While removing a 40-50 lb. part from a lathe, Petitioner felt sharp pain in his low back while twisting his torso to place the part on a skid
- Previous treatment for back pain
- Right-sided extreme lateral L3-L4 microdiscectomy with intraoperative microscopy; right-sided L3 and L4 hemilaminectomies with bilateral medial facetectomies and foraminotomies with microdissection; and right-sided L4 and L5 hemilaminectomies with bilateral medial facetectomies and foraminotomies with microdissection
- Petitioner returned to work full duty, but was giving a mechanical hoist to use when lifting parts in excess of 10 lbs
- Petitioner continued to experience low back and leg pain
- Petitioner declined to pursue a recommended L2-5 redo decompression and stabilization
- Instead, Petitioner decided to manage his back pain with medication until retirement.
- 30% person as a whole
- No discussion or mention of AMA impairment rating







Recent Commission Decisions

• William Reed, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 4/1/14)

- DOA: 6/20/12
- 31 year old correctional officer
- · Injured while breaking up a fight between inmates
- Aggravation of a pre-existing low back condition
- MRI revealed an annular tear at L4-5 which was increased in size when compared to a 2010 MRI and a central disc bulge at L5-S1
- · Physical therapy, returned to work full duty
- Continued complaints of low back pain
- Neither Respondent or Petitioner submitted an AMA impairment rating
- 4% person as a whole

• David Young, Petitioner, (I.W.C.C. 12/13/13)

- <u>DOA</u>: 9/16/11
- 52 year old forklift driver
- · Injured lower back while getting onto a forklift
- · Significant history of prior back problems and treatment
- · MRI reflected disc herniation and evidence of radiculopathy
- On the date of the accident, Petitioner was recovering from a previous back surgery
- A revision surgery was required as a result of the 9/16/11 accident. Petitioner resigned after being approved for SSDI
- AMA Impairment Rating: 11%
- Award: 27.5% person as a whole







Hypothetical Case

- Kim is a 35 year old housekeeper who was injured while throwing large garbage bags, weighing 30-35 lbs. each, into a dumpster
- On 5/1/14, Kim experienced immediate sharp pain in her low back
- Kim reported the incident and went to the emergency room
- Kim is referred to Dr. West, a neurosurgeon who performs a L4-L5, L5-S1 microdiscectomy
- Kim had a total of 12 weeks lost time
- Kim returned to full duty work 6 months after surgery.
- Dr. Jenner, Respondent's IME, found 2% disability







Poll 2

What will the IWCC award Kim?

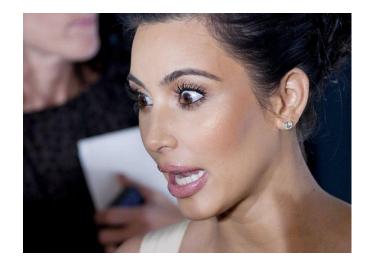
- A. 0%
- **B.** 2%
- **C**. 10%
- D. 15%







Answer







Giveaway

- Type your answer into the question box
- The first person to answer correctly wins



Frankies Deep Tissue Hammer Massager

- 2-speed massager
- 14-inch handle is easy to hold and operate
- Durable plastic construction
- Treats consistent pain or physical injury





Giveaway

- Sir Mix-a-Lot is best known for his 1992 album Mack Daddy and its Grammy Award-winning single "Baby Got Back."
- Name any other Sir Mix-a-Lot song





A Rapper's Reputation **Baby Got Back** Bark Like U Want It Bremelo Cake Boy F The Bs Gortex I Got Game I'll Roll You Up Jump On It Lockjaw Monster Mack My Posse's On Broadway No Holds Barred Ride Seminar Sprung On The Cat Swap Meet Louie Testarosa The Jack Back You Can't Slip

Aintsta Baby Got Back (Bass Remix) **Beepers** Buckin' M Horse Chief Boot Knocka Freak Momma **Hip Hop Soldier** I Like Big Butts I'm Your New God Lead Yo Horse Mack Daddy My Bad Side Nasty Dog One Time's Got No Case Rippin' Sleepin Wit My Fonk Square Dance Rap Swass The (Peek-a-boo) Game What's Real

Attack On The Stars Baby Got Jack (Adam Sandler Remix) **Big Johnson Buttermilk Biscuits** Don't Call Me Da Da Game Don't Get Old I Check My Bank I Like Bug Butts (Baby Got Back) Iron Man Let It Beaounce Man U Luv Ta Hate My Hooptie National Anthem Put 'em On The Glass Seattle Ain't Bullshittin' Something About My Benzo Suburbian Nightmare Take My Stash The Boss Is Back You Can Have Her



BRYCE DOWNEY & LENKOV







Bonus Giveaway

Name each one of Kim's Kardashian's siblings in order of age





82

BRYCE DOWNEY & LENKOV

Answer

- 1. Kylie
- 2. Kendall
- 3. Rob
- 4. Khloe
- 5. Kourtney



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Questions & Answers



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- 10 Illinois Workers' Compensation Cases You Need To Know
- Ask an Attorney Anything: Your Most Pressing Workers' Compensation Questions ANSWERED
- Defending Workers' Compensation Psychiatric Claims
- Defending Wage Differentials And PTD Awards
- Turning The Tables
- Defending Repetitive Trauma Claims In Illinois Workers' Compensation
- Traveling Employees In Illinois Workers' Compensation
- Illinois vs. Indiana: 5 Key Issues & How Each State Deals With Them
- AMA Guidelines: A Legal and Medical Perspective
- Preferred Provider Programs
- Upcoming Webinars
 - 9/30/14 @ 10:00 AM CST: "Case Law Update"- <u>Click Here to Register</u>
- August Workers' Compensation Newsletter
- Today's session
 - Interactive Please ask questions
 - Special surprise giveaway at the end of the presentation

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